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## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

(Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method, comprising:
 encrypting a message using a symmetric key to generate an encrypted message;
 sending the encrypted message to an intended recipient without making the symmetric
 key immediately accessible to the intended recipient;

providing the symmetric key to a third party; and

if the intended recipient signs and returns to the third party a receipt including a representation of the encrypted message, transferring, by the third party, the receipt to a sender and providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient.

- 2. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 1 wherein the receipt signed by the intended recipient contains an identifier computed from the message and the symmetric key using a cryptographically secure hash function.
- 3. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method, comprising:
  at a sender, encrypting a message using a symmetric key, encrypting the symmetric key
  to make the symmetric key accessible to a third party but not immediately accessible to an
  intended recipient and sending the encrypted message and the encrypted symmetric key to the
  intended recipient;

at the intended recipient, signing a receipt including a representation of the encrypted message and sending the receipt and the encrypted symmetric key to the third party; and

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at the third party, transferring the receipt to the sender and providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient if the receipt is properly signed.

4. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for certifying receipt of a message, the message being sent from a sender to an intended recipient and being encrypted by a symmetric key, and the method executing at a third party distinct from the sender and the intended recipient, the method comprising:

receiving a signed receipt and an encrypted symmetric key from the [[an]] intended recipient, the signed receipt memorializing receipt of the encrypted message by the intended recipient;

verifying the signed receipt; transferring the verified receipt to the [[a]] sender; and providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient.

5. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for certifying receipt of a message, the message being sent from a sender to an intended recipient and being encrypted by a symmetric key, the method executing at a third party distinct from the sender and the intended recipient, the method comprising:

receiving a separately encrypted message header associated with the [[a]] message and a certified receipt originating from the [[an]] intended recipient, the certified receipt including a first message identifier signed by the intended recipient;

decrypting the separately encrypted message header to expose a symmetric key and a second message identifier;

verifying the certified receipt, including verifying a signature of the intended recipient and that the first and second message identifiers are the equivalent; and

after verifying the certified receipt, forwarding the certified receipt to the sender; and forwarding the symmetric key to the intended recipient.

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6. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method, comprising:
encrypting a message using a symmetric key;
sending the encrypted message to an intended recipient without the symmetric key;
forwarding the encrypted symmetric key to a third party; and
receiving from the third party a certified receipt verified by the third party indicating receipt of the message by the intended recipient.

(Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method, comprising:
 creating a message header that includes a symmetric key and a message identifier
 associated with a message for transmission to an intended recipient;

encrypting the message using the symmetric key;

public key encrypting the message header using a public key of a third party;

attaching the message header to the encrypted message forming a certified message and forwarding the certified message to the intended recipient;

receiving a certified receipt originating from the intended recipient, the certified receipt being verified at the third party and forwarded to a sender after verification; and verifying validity of the receipt using the stored symmetric key and the certified message.

8. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for providing a receipt for a message, the message being sent from a sender to an intended recipient and the method executing at the recipient, the method comprising:

receiving an encrypted message from a sender, the encrypted message encrypted by a symmetric key;

creating a signed receipt for the encrypted message including signing a hash of the encrypted message and returning the signed receipt to a third party;

after verification of the signed receipt at the third party, receiving the symmetric key from the third party; and

decrypting the encrypted message using the symmetric key.

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9. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 8 wherein the step of receiving the symmetric key includes not receiving the symmetric key until a successful transfer of the signed receipt to the sender.

10. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 6, further comprising:

storing a copy of the certified receipt and the symmetric key; and verifying the validity of the certified receipt using the stored symmetric key and the certified message.

11. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for generating a receipt associated with a message, where the receipt is created without exposing content of the message to an intended recipient, comprising:

receiving the [[a]] message encrypted by a symmetric key; receiving a hash of the symmetric key; and

generating a receipt including generating a message identifier prior to decrypting the message, the message identifier including a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the message encrypted by the symmetric key,

wherein the message identifier is able to be used to verify receipt of the message at the intended recipient without exposing the message content to an intended recipient.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 11, wherein: generating a receipt including includes using a hash function to generate the message identifier.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 11, further comprising:

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receiving a first message identifier at the intended recipient;

the generating step including generating a receipt including a second message identifier, at the intended recipient; and

sending the receipt and the first message identifier to a third party.

14. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 13, further comprising:

receiving the receipt, at the third party;

verifying the receipt without accessing message content; and providing the receipt to a sender.

15. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 11, where: the message is encrypted with the symmetric key prior to sending to the intended recipient; and

the symmetric key is sent to the intended recipient from a third party so that the intended recipient can decrypt the message.

16. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 11, further comprising:

sending the encrypted symmetric key to the intended recipient with the message; at the intended recipient, sending the encrypted symmetric key to a third party with a receipt that includes a representation of the message identifier; and sending the receipt to a sender after verification of the receipt.

17. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for generating a signed receipt associated with a message without exposing content of the message, comprising: receiving a message encrypted by a symmetric key; receiving a hash of the symmetric key;

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generating a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the message encrypted by the symmetric key; and

signing the representation to generate a signed receipt,

wherein the signed receipt is generated prior to decrypting the message and receiving the symmetric key.

18. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 17, further comprising:

sending the signed receipt to a third party for transfer to a sender; and verifying validity of the signed receipt at the third party.

19. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 18, further comprising:

allowing a recipient access to content of the message if the signed receipt is verified at the third party.

- 20. (Canceled)
- 21. (Canceled)
- 22. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for time-stamping a message without exposing content of the message to a time stamping authority, comprising: encrypting a message using a symmetric key;

computing a hash of the symmetric key,

generating a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the message encrypted by the symmetric key; and

time-stamping the representation, including sending the representation to a time-stamping authority and receiving from the time-stamping authority a time stamp certificate including the representation, a time, and a sender identification and a recipient identification for the message.

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23. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for time-stamping a message without exposing content of the message to a time stamping authority, comprising:

encrypting a message using a symmetric key;

computing a hash of the symmetric key;

generating a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the message encrypted by the symmetric key; and

time-stamping the representation, including sending the representation to a time-stamping authority and receiving from the time-stamping authority a time stamp certificate including the representation, a time, a sender identification and a recipient identification for the message and at least one of a public key of the sender and a public key of the recipient.

24. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for generating a signed receipt certifying that a message has been received at a particular time by an intended recipient, without exposing content of the message, comprising:

receiving a message having content, wherein the message is encrypted by a symmetric key;

receiving a hash of the symmetric key;

generating a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the message encrypted by the symmetric key, wherein the representation is generated prior to decrypting the message and receiving the symmetric key; and

time-stamping the representation, including sending a time stamp certificate including the representation, a time, and a sender identification and a recipient identification for the message.

25. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 24, further comprising:

sending the time-stamped representation to a third party such that the time stamp can be

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verified by the third party without exposing the content of the message to the third party; and verifying validity of the signed receipt at the third party.

26. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 25, further comprising:

allowing an intended recipient access to the content of the message if the signed receipt is verified at the third party.

27. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for generating a signed receipt for a message certifying a sending time and a receiving time by an intended recipient without exposing content of the message, comprising:

receiving a message encrypted with a symmetric key;

receiving a hash of the symmetric key;

receiving a time stamp certificate including a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the encrypted message, a time, and a sender identification and a recipient identification for the message, the time stamp certificate being time-stamped at time of sending;

time-stamping the representation at a time of receiving;

combining the representation time-stamped at the time of sending and the representation time-stamped at the time of receiving to provide a combined receipt;

signing the combined receipt; and

sending the combined receipt to a third party such that the combined receipt can be verified by the third party without exposing content of the message to the third party.

28. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 27, further comprising:

verifying validity of the signed receipt at the third party.

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29. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 27, further comprising:

allowing an intended recipient access to the content of the message if the signed receipt is verified at the third party.

30. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 1, further comprising:

computing a hash of the symmetric key; and

making the hash of the symmetric key accessible to the intended recipient, wherein the receipt contains a representation of the symmetric key.

31. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for securely sending a message, comprising:

encrypting a message using a symmetric key;

computing a hash of the symmetric key; and

generating a representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the encrypted message; sending a request including the representation to a time stamping authority;

receiving from the time stamping authority a time stamp certificate including a time stamped representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the message encrypted by the symmetric key;

generating a certified message including the time stamp certificate; and sending the certified message to a recipient.

32. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 31, wherein: generating the representation includes using a one-way hash.

33.-35. (Canceled)

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36. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method of for securely sending and receiving a message, using a third party to verify authenticity of the message, comprising: at a sender:

encrypting a message using a symmetric key to generate an encrypted message; sending the encrypted message to an intended recipient without making the symmetric key immediately accessible to the intended recipient; and

providing the symmetric key to a third party;

at the intended recipient:

receiving the encrypted message from the sender;

creating a signed receipt for the encrypted message, including signing a hash of the encrypted message and returning the signed receipt to the third party;

after verification of the signed receipt at the third party, receiving the symmetric key from the third party; and

decrypting the encrypted message using the symmetric key; at the third party:

receiving the signed receipt from the recipient;
verifying the signed receipt;
transferring the verified receipt to the sender; and
providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient.

37. (Previously Presented) The computer implemented method of claim 36, wherein: at the sender:

sending the encrypted message to the intended recipient includes encrypting the symmetric key with a public key of the third party and sending the encrypted symmetric key to the intended recipient so that the intended recipient cannot access the symmetric key or the message prior to the intended recipient returning the signed receipt to the third party; and

encrypting the message using a symmetric key to generate the encrypted message includes creating a first hash of encrypted content of the message and including the first hash of

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the encrypted content in the encrypted message;

at the intended recipient:

returning the signed receipt to the third party includes creating a second hash of the encrypted content in the message, sending the second hash of the encrypted content in the message, forwarding the encrypted symmetric key to the third party for the third party to decrypt the key, but not sending the encrypted message to the third party;

at the third party:

providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient after verifying the signed receipt from the intended recipient;

verifying the signed receipt includes verifying that the first hash of the encrypted content equals the second hash of the encrypted content; and

providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient includes decrypting the encrypted symmetric key sent by the recipient.

38. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 1, wherein: sending the encrypted message to the intended recipient includes encrypting the symmetric key with a public key of the third party and sending the encrypted symmetric key to the intended recipient so that the recipient cannot access the symmetric key or the message prior to the intended recipient returning the signed receipt to the third party; and

encrypting a message using a symmetric key to generate an encrypted message includes creating a first hash of encrypted content of the message and including the first hash of the encrypted content in the encrypted message.

39. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 3, further comprising:

at the sender, creating a first hash of encrypted content of the message and sending the first hash to the recipient;

at the recipient, creating a second hash of the encrypted content in the message, sending

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the second hash to the third party and decrypting the encrypted message after receiving the symmetric key from the third party; and

at the third party, comparing the first hash to the second hash to verify that the first hash is equal to the second hash, decrypting the encrypted symmetric key, wherein providing the symmetric key does not occur until after comparing the first and second hashes.

40. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 4, further comprising:

decrypting the encrypted symmetric key for providing to the intended recipient.

- 41. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 40, wherein: decrypting the encrypted symmetric key includes decrypting the encrypted symmetric key received from the intended recipient, wherein the intended recipient received the encrypted symmetric key from the sender.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 4, wherein: providing the symmetric key to the intended recipient occurs after verifying the signed receipt.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 4, wherein: verifying the signed receipt includes determining that a hash of the encrypted message created by the sender is equivalent to a hash of the encrypted message created by the intended recipient.
- 44. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 4, wherein: verifying the signed receipt ensures that the intended recipient received an encrypted message sent by the sender.

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45. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 5, wherein the message identifier includes a hash of the encrypted message, the method further comprising: verifying that the message identifier signed by the intended recipient equals the message identifier in the separately encrypted message header.

- 46. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 5, wherein: forwarding the symmetric key to the intended recipient occurs after verifying the certified receipt.
- 47. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 6, wherein: forwarding the encrypted symmetric key to the third party without exposing the message to the third party.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 7, wherein the method does not include sending the message to the third party.
- 49. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 8, further comprising:

receiving a first hash of the encrypted message from the sender;

hashing the encrypted message to create a second hash of the encrypted message; and sending the first and second hashes to the third party for the third party to verify that the first hash equals the second hash.

50. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 17, further comprising:

receiving a first hash of encrypted content;

hashing the received encrypted message content to create a second hash of the encrypted

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content; and

sending the first and second hashes to a third party for verification.

51. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method of claim 31, further comprising:

sending the representation of the hash of the symmetric key and the encrypted message to an intended recipient, wherein the intended recipient does not have access to the symmetric key for decrypting the encrypted message at the time of receipt.